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CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS 02139

And the generalisms of CAMBRID

William desperance (April 22, 1969)

Involved in the delater, However, April 22, 1969

There is no endofithe for Edeching

concrete information about public atherences.

Invoy be too drophy influenced by the expussions of anti-fluoridation leaders, Such as you quell

Professor Joshua Lederberg Stanford University School of Medicine Stanford Medical Center 300 Pasteur Drive Palo Alto, California 94304

Dear Dr. Lederberg:

Enclosed is the reprint you requested.

I must comment on your Washington Post column of March 22, 1969, which I found disappointing. You dismissed my fluoridation hypothesis off handedly without considering the evidence. You then fail to see that all elections involve a potential suppression of a minority. Moreover, the literature in political science does not support your interpretation of the conflict between the liberty of the individual and the liberty of the community which can be described as the conflict between private regarding and public regarding attitudes. Studies indicate that private regarding attitudes are dominant. In the fluoridation controversy people would most likely then be calculating their own advantages and disadvantages rather than those that accrue to the community.

I have to accept your criticism, and would admit that I would have dealt more comprehensively with your thesis were there xxxxxx. My interpretation of the "votes" is admittedly almost entirely intuitive, and based on discussions I have Sincerely,

Hawey M. Sapolsky/jk

Harvey M. Sapolsky

heard around Stanford. *However, there are also few issues that elicit technical unanimity, so I am not sure that fluoradation is typical of political decisionmaking. Why not research the very point, whether votes reflect private anxieties or public-regarding attitudes in this particular areas. Havy of my undecided friends fromt to the availability of fluoride by other soutes as an important programment.

* to respond to your own theses